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7	United States of America	
8	IN THE LINITED CO	LATES DISTRICT COLIDT
9	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 1:20-CR-00206-DAD-BAM
12	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE
13	v.	TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT; AND ORDER
14	MICHAEL ERIN VANDEVENTER,	DATE: January 27, 2021
15	Defendant.	TIME: 1:00 p.m. COURT: Hon. Barbara A. McAuliffe
16		
17	This case is set for a status conference on January 27, 2021. On April 17, 2020, this Court issued	
18	General Order 617, which suspended all jury trials in the Eastern District of California scheduled to	
19	commence before June 15, 2020, and allowed district judges to continue all criminal matters to a date	
20	after June 1. Subsequent general order, including most recently General Order 628, similarly were	
21	entered to address public health concerns related to COVID-19.	
22	Although the General Orders address the district-wide health concern, the Supreme Court has	
23	emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision "counteract[s] substantive	
24	openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record findings" in a particular case.	
25	Zedner v. United States, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no	
26	exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). <i>Id.</i> at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. <i>Id.</i> at	
27	509; see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a	

28 judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either orally

or in writing").

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, and 617 require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id*.

The General Orders exclude delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency). The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules.

In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). ¹ If continued, this Court should designate a new date for the status conference. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be "specifically limited in time").

STIPULATION

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendant, by and through defendant's counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

¹ The parties note that General Order 612 acknowledges that a district judge may make "additional findings to support the exclusion" at the judge's discretion. General Order 612, ¶ 5 (E.D. Cal. March 18, 2020).

- 1. By previous order, this matter was set for status on January 27, 2021.
- 2. By this stipulation, defendant now moves to continue the status conference until May 26, 2021, and to exclude time between January 27, 2021, and May 26, 2021, under Local Code T4.
 - 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:
 - a) The government has represented that the discovery associated with this case includes investigative reports, lab reports, social media account search returns, cell phone extractions, cell phone location data, and other items. The discovery in the case is voluminous. All of this discovery has been either produced directly to counsel and/or made available for inspection and copying.
 - b) Counsel for defendant desires additional time for discovery review, settlement exploration, and case preparation. Counsel for defendant believes that failure to grant the above-requested continuance would deny him/her the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into account the exercise of due diligence.
 - c) The government does not object to the continuance.
 - d) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.
 - e) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161, et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of January 27, 2021 to May 26, 2021, inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4] because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendant's request on the basis of the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.
- 4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial must commence.

IT IS SO STIPULATED.

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1 2	Dated: January 12, 2021	McGREGOR W. SCOTT
		United States Attorney
3 4		/s/ JUSTIN J. GILIO JUSTIN J. GILIO
5		Assistant United States Attorney
6		
7	Dated: January 12, 2021	/s/ Richard Oberto
8		Richard Oberto Counsel for Defendant
9		Michael Erin Vandeventer
10		
11		<u>ORDER</u>
12	IT IS SO ORDERED that the status conference is continued from January 27, 2021, to May 26,	
13	2021, at 1:00 p.m. before Magistrate Judge Barbara A. McAuliffe. Time is excluded pursuant to 18	
14	U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv).	
15		
15 16	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
	IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: January 13, 2021	/s/Barbara A. McAuliffe
16		/s/ Barbara A. McAuliff UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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